















Objectives

- 1 Overview of practices in the field of music education for people with special needs
- 2 Identification of levers and facilitating factors
- 3 Understanding the needs and expectations of professionals



Methodology

- 1 Development of the 'Structures' and 'Staff' questionnaires as part of a collaborative process:
 - → Steering Committee (network heads and national federations)
 - → Methodological and operational support for the Savoie Mont-Blanc University survey centre
- 2 Distribution of online questionnaires from 16 May to 13 November 2024 :
 - → Mails sent (MESH and MeT contact database)
 - → Relay via the members of the steering committee and the Ministry of Culture (DRAC)



Answers used

1 Structures' questionnaire: 412

2 Staff questionnaire: 696



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1 Structures' questionnaire: 412

2 Staff questionnaire: 696



Data vigilance points

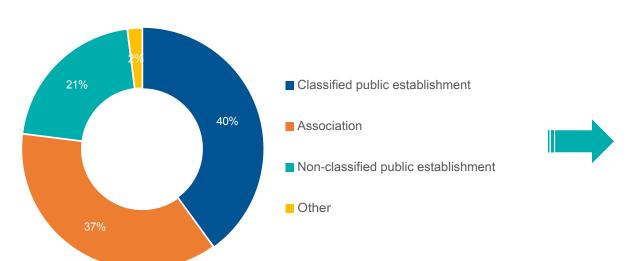
- → Respondents who are receptive and/or already committed
- → Social desirability bias
- → Distribution channels for questionnaires
- → Number of responses



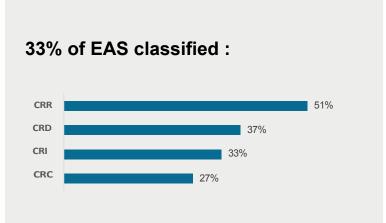


Typology of respondent organisations

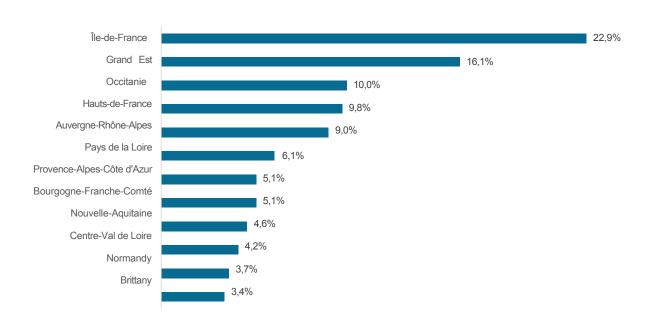
Status of establishments

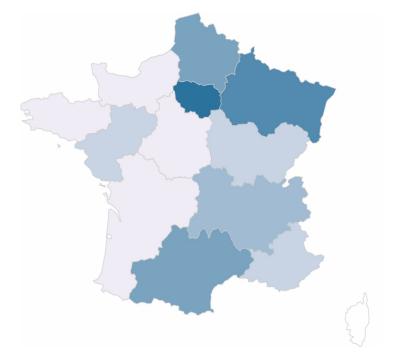


Focus on conservatories



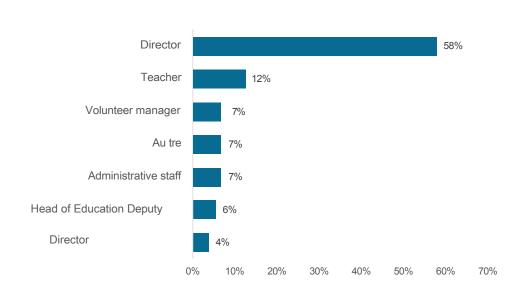
Geographical origin

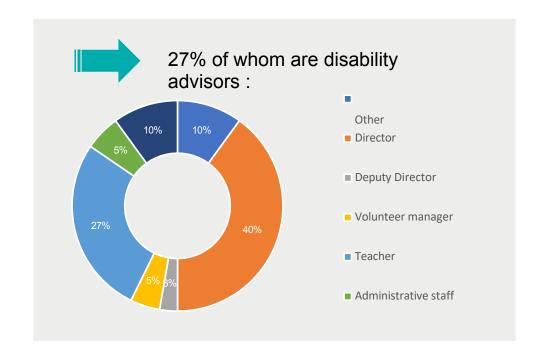




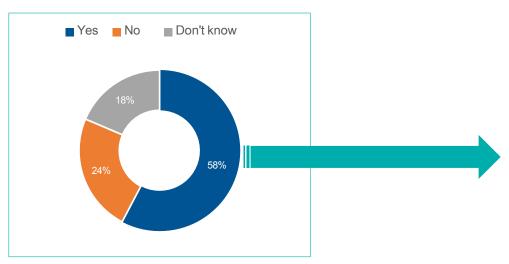


Respondents' main function

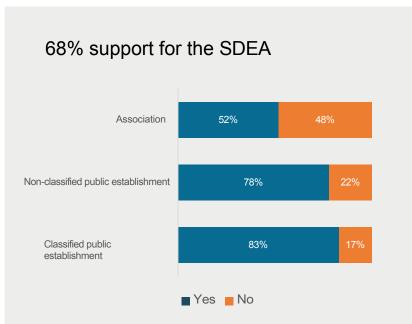




SDEA

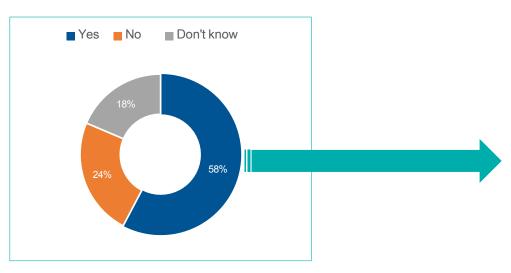


Deployment of the SDEA Number of respondents 194

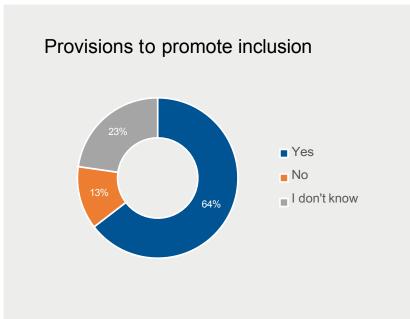




SDEA - Inclusive provisions

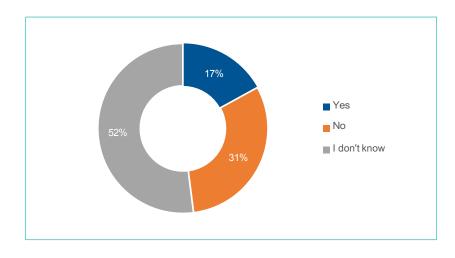


Deployment of the SDEA
Number of respondents 194





Regional plans for people with disabilities



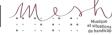


52% "I don't know" responses 17% positive responses

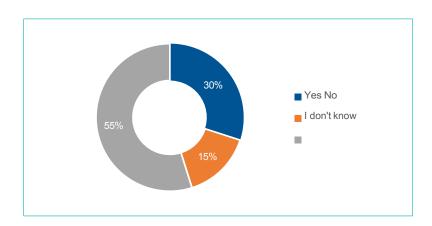
Knowledge of regional plans for people with disabilities

Number of respondents 298



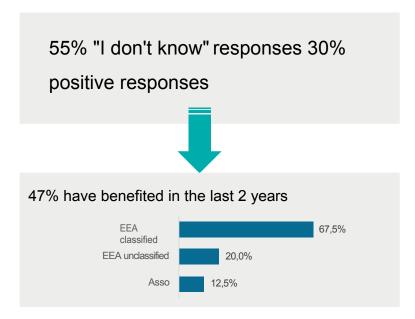


Project support schemes or cultural structuring/inclusion



Knowledge of local or departmental support schemes for projets or structuring.

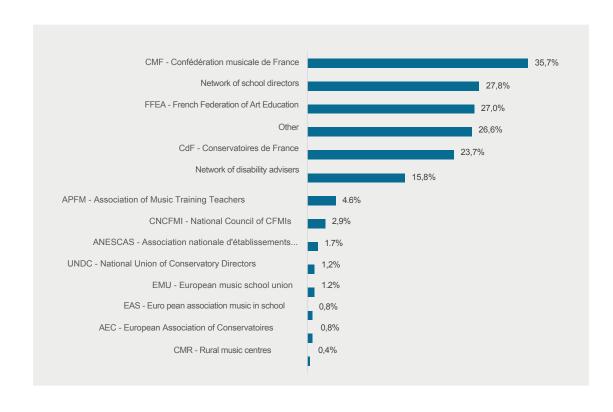






Membership of networks

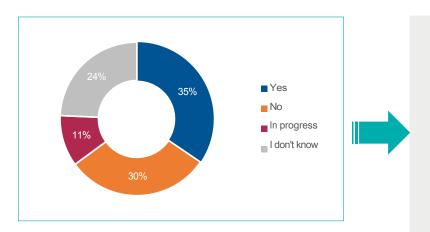
57% of organisations belong to one or more networks



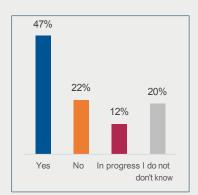


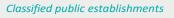


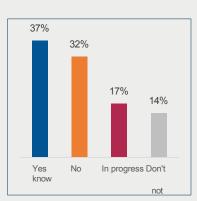
Accessibility diagnosis



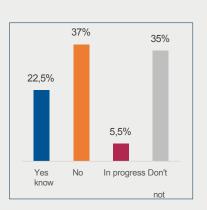
DiagnosticsNumber of respondents 296







Unclassified public schools



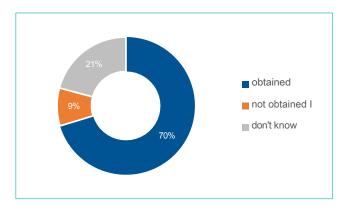
Voluntary schools

Accessibility of the built environment

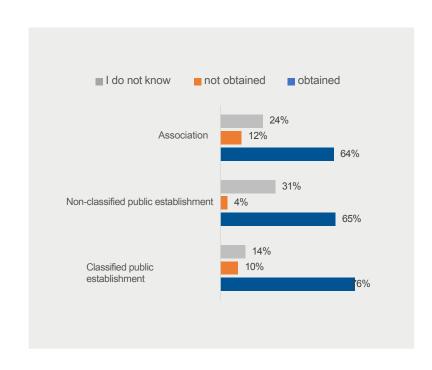


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Accessibility certificate



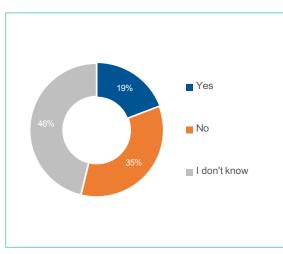






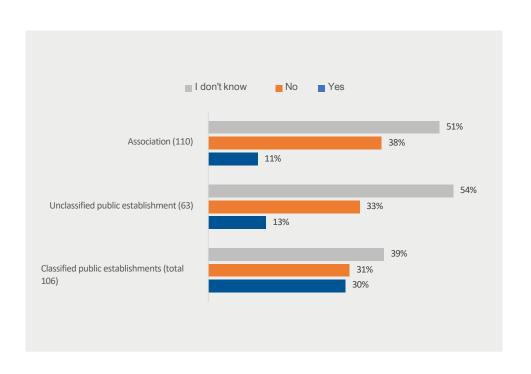


Public Accessibility Register (RPA)







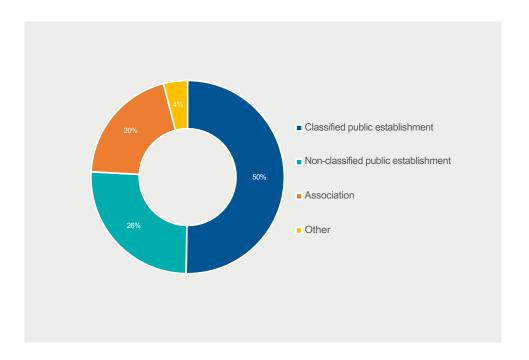




Skills development plan

62% of respondents take disability into account in their skills development plan



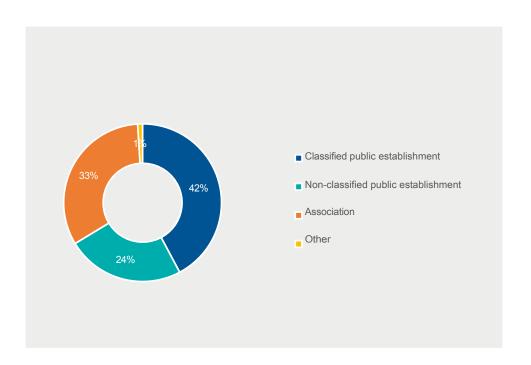




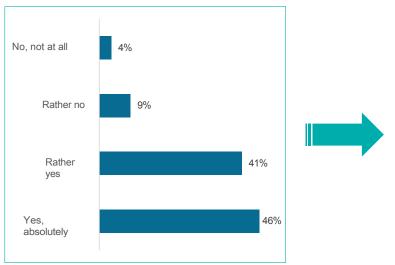
Taking skills into account when recruiting

66% of respondents t a k e disability-related skills into account when recruiting.





Initial training





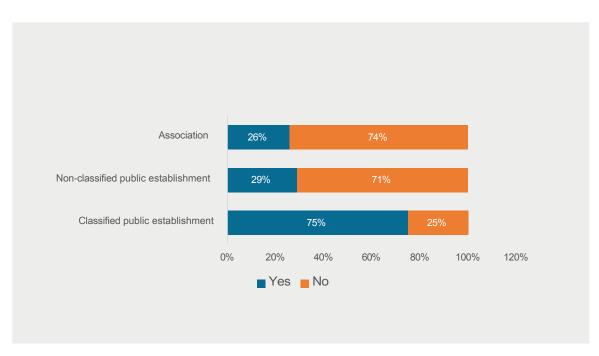




Disability Officer

45% of the 280 organisations that answered this question stated that they had appointed a disability adviser.

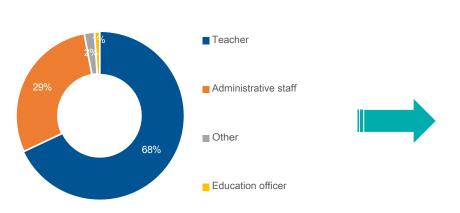


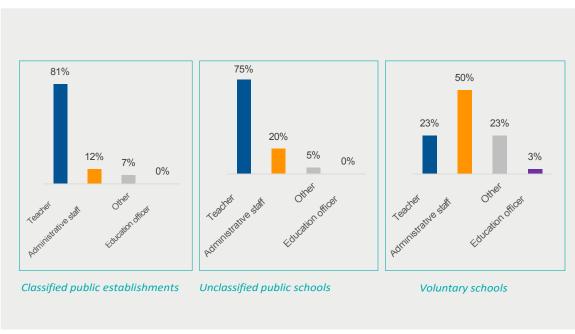






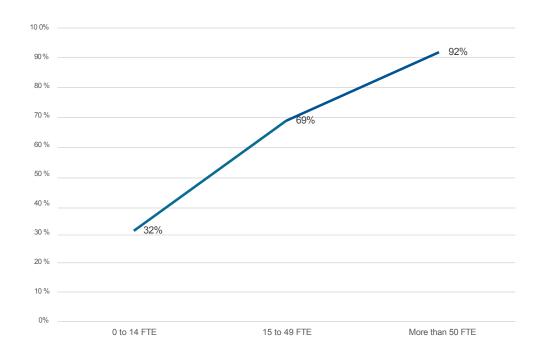
Disability advisor - Main function



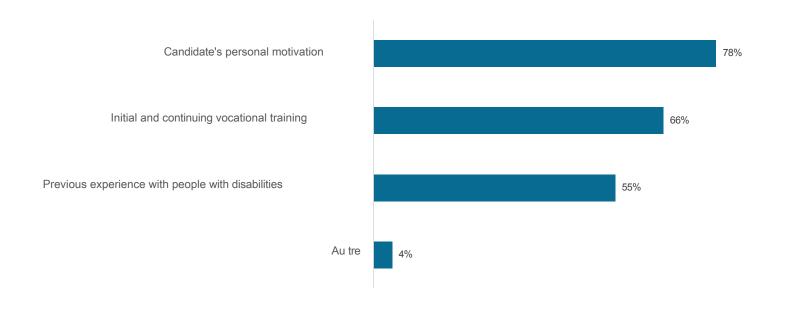




Disability Advisor - FTE

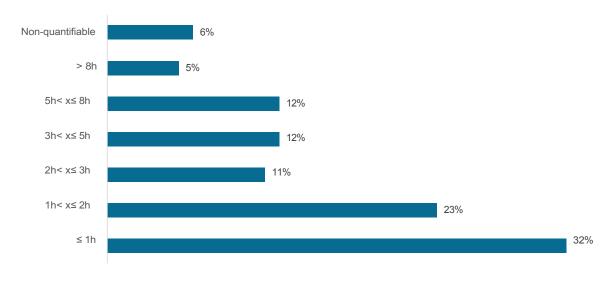


Disability advisor - Selection criteria

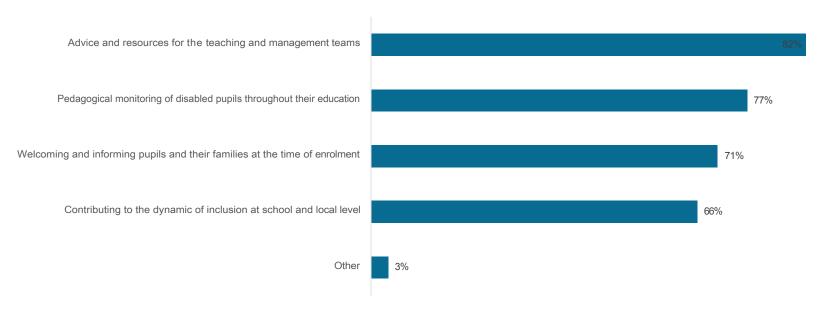




Disability representative - Time off



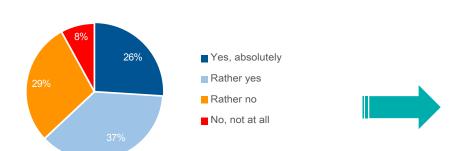
Disability Officer - Duties

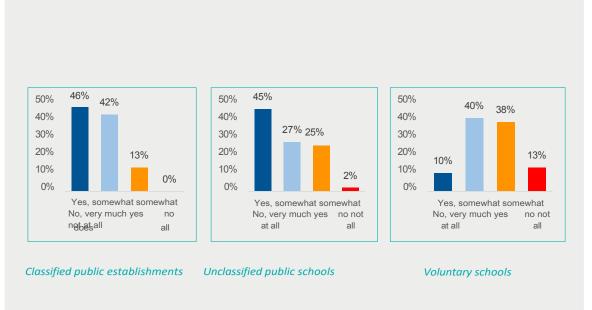






Disability representative - Appointment required

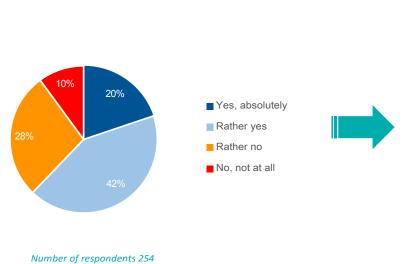


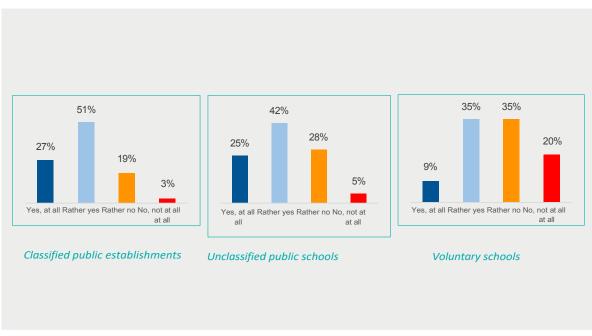






Disability advisor - Need for professional certification







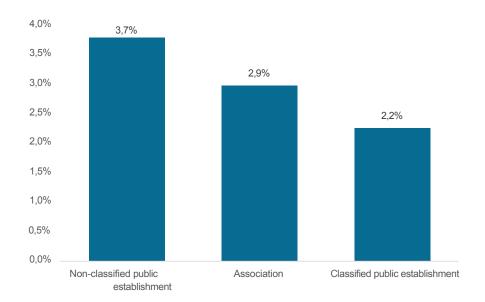
1/4

Individual registrations (excluding partnerships)

General rate

Average rate of 2.5





Number of respondents 135

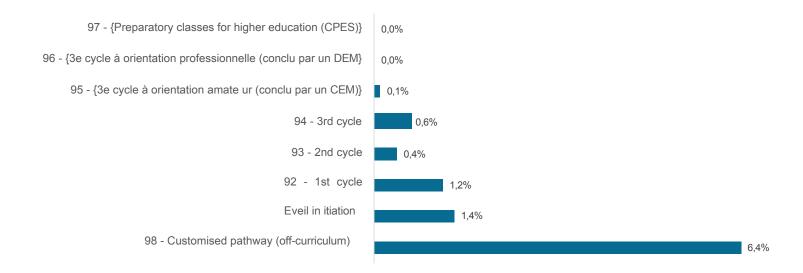


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Individual registrations (excluding partnerships)

Rates by course/cycle





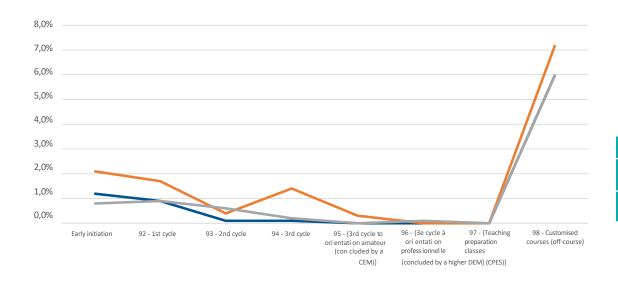


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Individual registrations (excluding partnerships)

Rate per course/cycle

Association

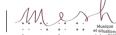


Non-classified public establishment Classified public establishment

	Awakeni ng initiation	1st cycle	2nd cycle	3rd cycle	3rd amateur cycle (CEM)	3rd cycle with professio nal orientatio n	3rd cycle CPES	Personalis ed route
Association	1,2%	0,9%	0,1%	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6%
Establishment unclassified public	2,1%	1,7%	0,4%	1,4%	0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	7,2%
Establishment classified public	0,8%	0,9%	0,6%	0,2%	0,0%	0,1%	0,0%	6%

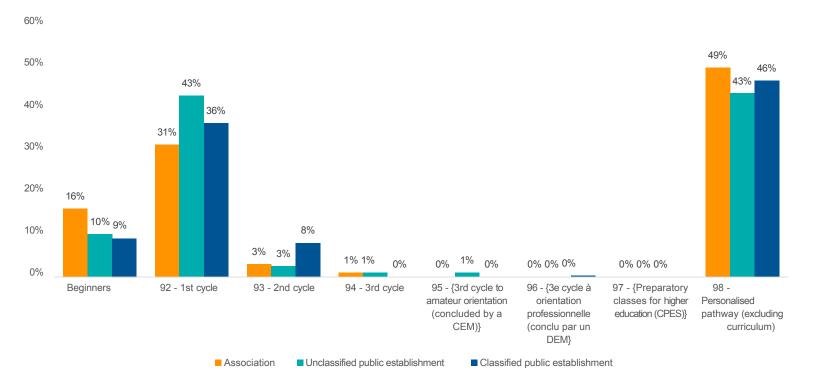


4/4



Individual registrations (excluding partnerships)

Breakdown by pathway/cycle (PSH staff only)



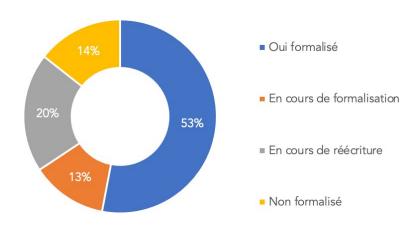




Framework documents - School project

73% of projects formalised(of which 20% are being rewritten)





Number of respondents 406

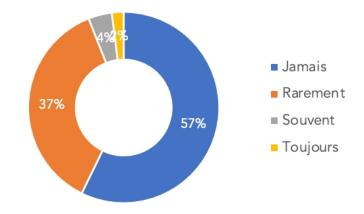




Registration requests

94% of facilities say they have never or rarely refuse an application to register a PSH





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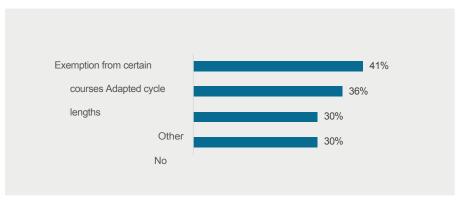




Teaching resources - Route improvements

70% of facilities say they have set up pathway facilities





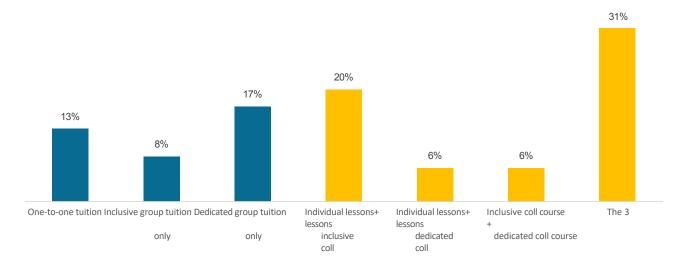
Number of respondents 237/324 replies (multiple choice)





Specific educational offers

35% of establishments offer specific services for disabled people



Combination of 2 or 3 teaching methods

Number of respondents 90/175 responses (multiple choice)

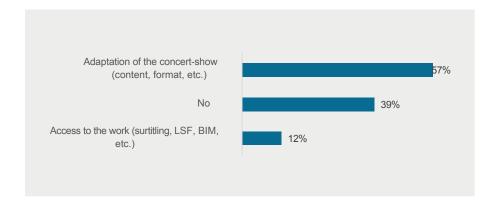




Artistic offering (concerts/shows)

27% of facilities declare adapt their distribution offer

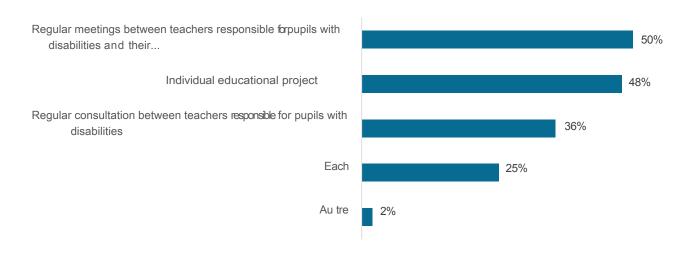






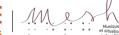


Educational monitoring systems and tools

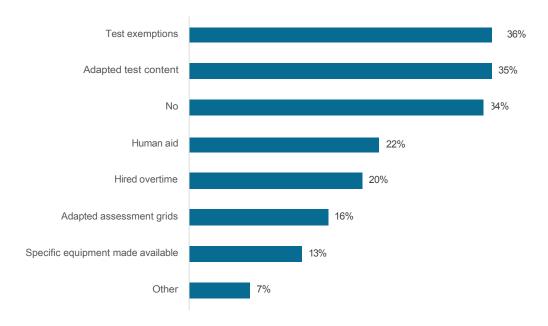


Number of respondents 249 / 405 replies (multiple choice)





Student assessment

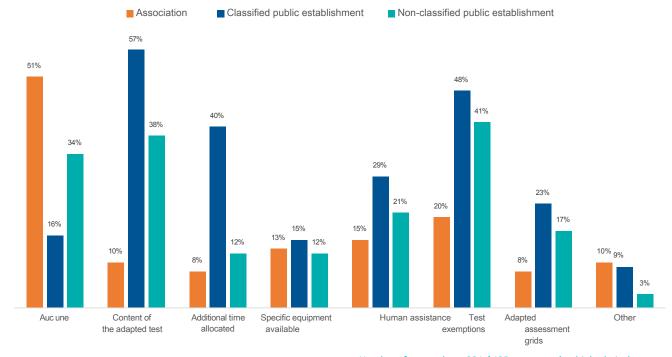


Number of respondents 231 / 425 responses (multiple choice)





Student assessment

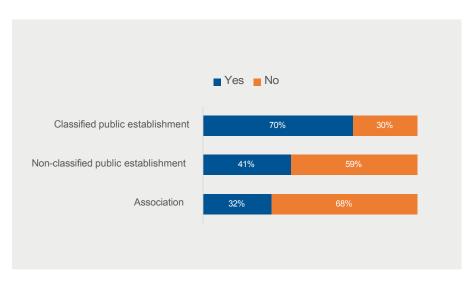


Number of respondents 231 / 425 responses (multiple choice)



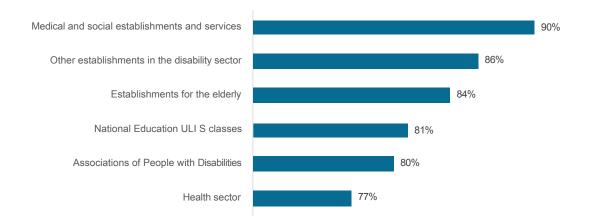
49% of organisations have partnerships





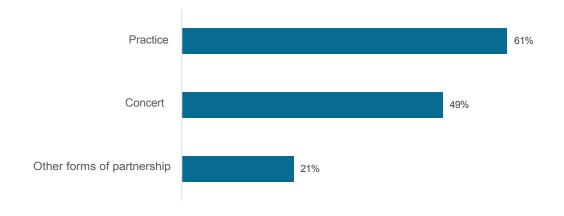
Number of respondents 262

Types of partners



Number of respondents 262

Partnership content



Number of respondents 116/163 responses (multiple choice)





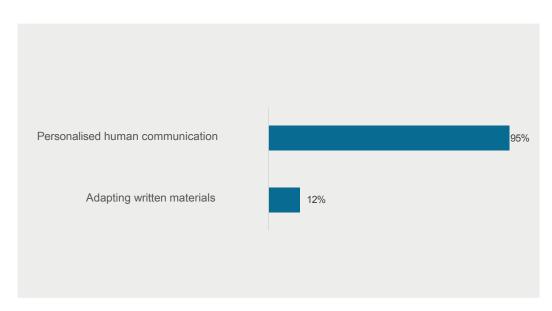
Internal communications

61% of structures

adapt their internal communication

methods and media





Number of respondents 241/247 responses (multiple choice)





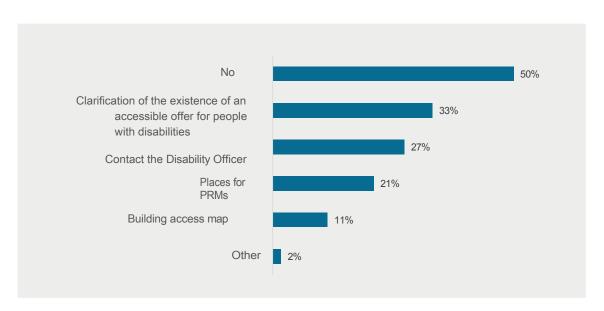
External communication

50% structures

disseminate information

for people with disabilities





Number of respondents 240/344 responses (multiple choice)





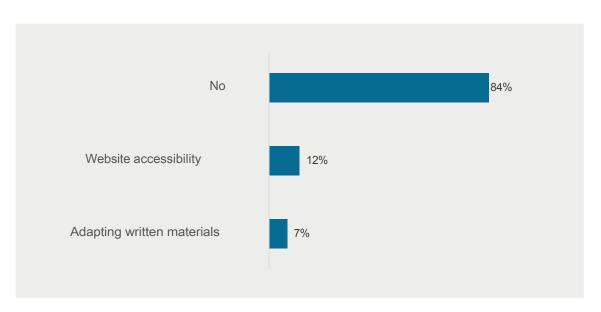
External communication

16% of structures

adapt their external

communication materials



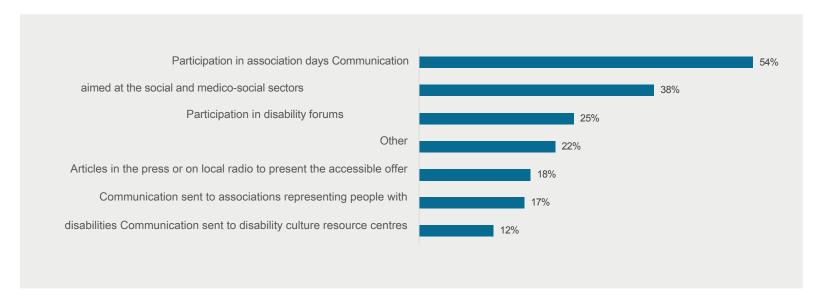


Number of respondents 232



Proactive initiatives in the region

55% of organisations undertake communication initiatives to reach audiences in their area



Number of respondents 130

2 Facilitating factors artisticalinclusion —





Identify the factors impacting on inclusive dynamics within a music teaching establishment



Develop an indicator that can be used to distinguish between different levels of efficiency in the care of people with disabilities:

- → Selection of a set of variables that encompasses the entire inclusive process
- → Identification of objective and measurable variables

Building an indicator inclusive reception practices



2/3

Variable selection

- → HR policy (criterion 1)
- → Receiving applications for PSH enrolment (criterion 2)
- → Identifying specific needs (criterion 3)
- → Adapting assessments (criterion 4)



Weight of each variable 25%

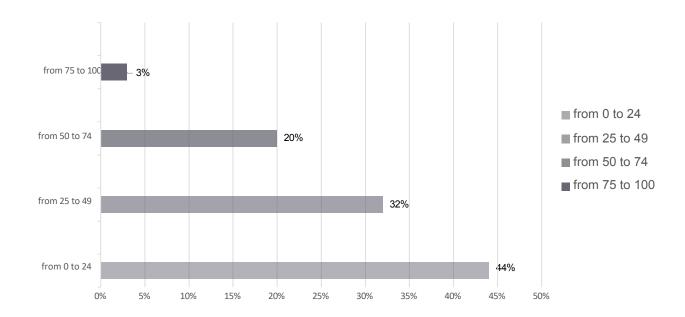
Building an indicator inclusive reception practices



3/3

Indicator scale

From 0 to 24	Weak inclusive dynamics	1
From 25 to 49	Medium inclusive dynamics	2
From 50 to 74	Strong inclusive momentum	3
From 75 to 100	Very strong inclusive momentum	4

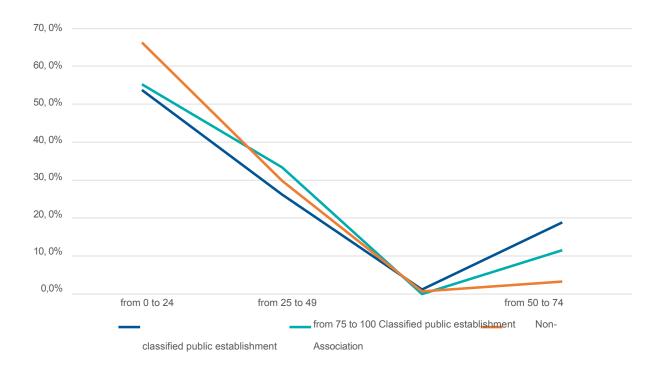


General information



2/2

	1	2	3	4
Classified public establishment	53,7%	26,2%	1,2%	18,9%
Establishment unclassified public	55,2%	33,3%	0%	11,5%
Association	66,2%	29,8%	0,7%	3,3%





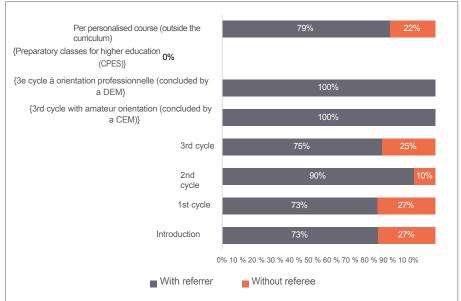




- → Inclusive provisions
- → Membership

HR

- → Training plan
- → Disability Officer
 - → Indicator: 100% level 4
 - → Teaching function: 77% level 4 / 70% level 3
 - → Collection of specific needs
 - → Training plan and recruitment criteria
 - → Adapted educational offers
 - → Student numbers
 - → Partnerships
 - → Communication



Total of 1,346 pupils with disabilities



Educational follow-up

Communication

- → Targeted content
- → Proactive approaches







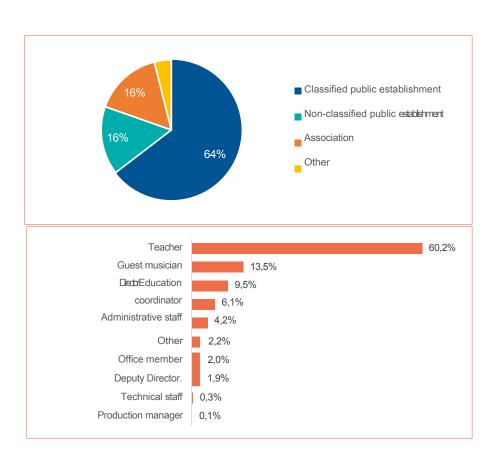
1 Respondent

696 respondents

- → 70% women
- → 80% of the public sector

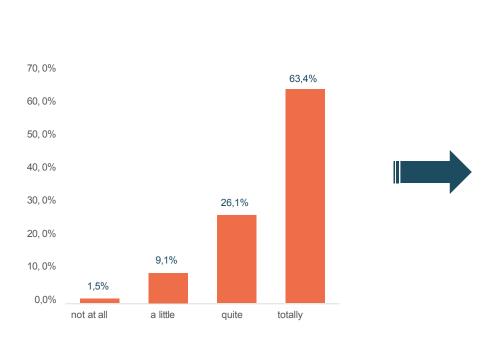
→ 60% teachers





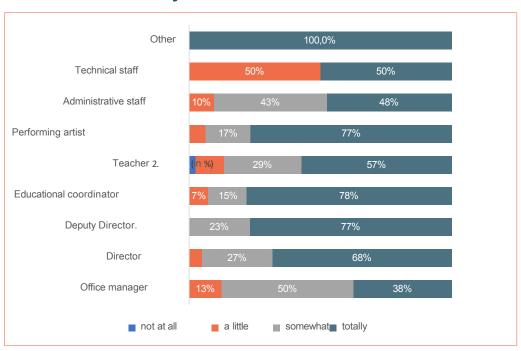
Sensitivity to social inclusion

In general, do you feel concerned about the social inclusion of people with disabilities?



Number of respondents 603

By main function

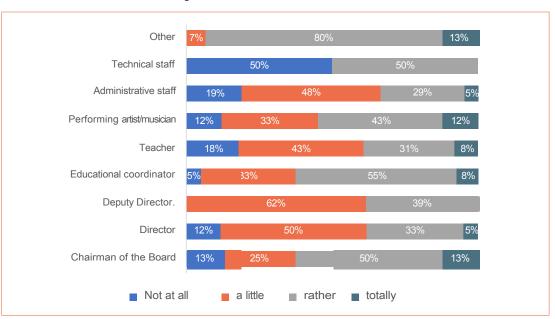




Do you think you have sufficient skills and knowledge to welcome people with disabilities?

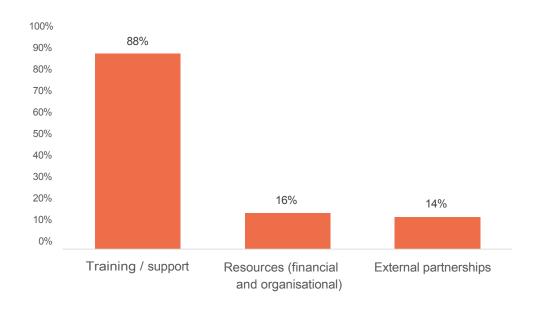
45% 41% 40% 36% 35% 30% 25% 20% 15% 15% 8% 10% 5% not at all a little totally quite Number of respondents 600

By main function



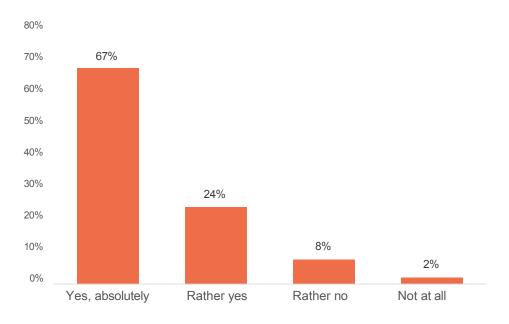
4 Professional needs

Needs to feel more competent



Number of respondents 568 responses (verbatims)

Do you think it is necessary to have a disability officer in your organisation?

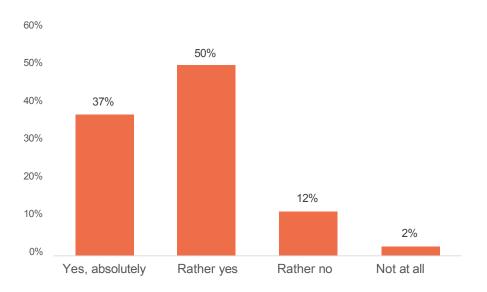


Number of respondents 586





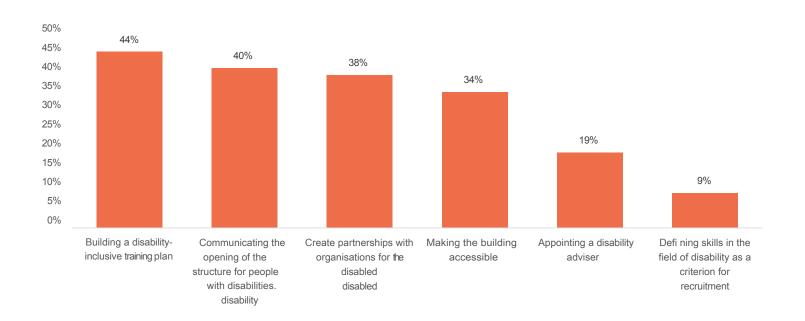
Do you think it is necessary to create a certificate or diploma for disability advisers?



Number of respondents 584



In your opinion, what would be the priority actions for your organisation to take to improve accessibility for people with disabilities?



Number of respondents 494 / 763 responses (verbatims)





- 1 The disability referent
- 2 Training and support for professionals Communication
- 3 Territorial policies
- 4

- 1 Accessibility diagnosis
- 2 The Public Accessibility Register
- 3 Discontinuity after the 1st cycle
- 4 Non-mixing
- 5 Employment of disabled staff





